## Practical Heraldry Course for Self-Isolators —Lesson 3

The next step will be to practise the **TINCTURES** (metals and colours) and learn some new ways of breaking the shield up in different ways. Get colouring—each has a sample to get you started.

1. **Per fess**—means halving the shield ACROSS the way (remember the FESS was an horizontal stripe?).









Per fess Or and Azure Per fess Gules and Argent

Per fess Sable and Or

Per fess Argent and Purpure

2. **Per pale**—means halving the shield DOWN the way (remember the PALE was a vertical stripe?).









Per pale Or and Azure Per pale Gules and Argent

Per pale Sable and Or

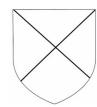
Per pale Argent and Purpure

3. Per saltire—in the shape of a St Andrew's cross—X









Per saltire Or and Azure Per saltire Gules and Argent

Per saltire Sable and Or

Per saltire Argent and Purpure

4. **Per bend**—the shield is split by a **diagonal** line from the top left.







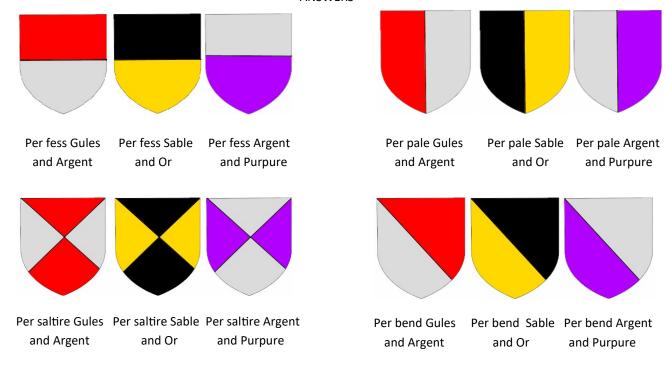


Per bend Or and Azure Per bend Gules and Argent

Per bend Sable and Or

Per bend Argent and Purpure

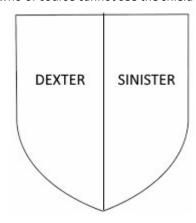
## **ANSWERS**



## Know your left from your right—a VERY annoying heraldic mystery!

The Romans very sensibly called left SINISTER and right DEXTER.

However, in Heraldry, we REVERSE the terms because we describe the shield from the point of view of the bearer, who of course cannot see the shield anyway!





Here is an example: per pale Sable and Or, dexter a mullet Argent, sinister a mullet Vert..

Remember the FESS CHEQUY from Lesson 2 which you coloured in? Here are the correct versions. How did you do?

Lindsay Boyd Burgh of Kilmarnock

Gules a fess chequy Argent and Azure Azure a fess chequy Argent and Gules Purpure a fess chequy Or and Vert





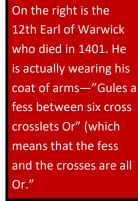


## **Bonus Colouring Sheet—HERALDIC BRASSES**

Many old churches have engraved brass plaques marking graves. Here are two knight's brasses from the very earliest days of heraldry which include their coats of arms. You could start by trying to get the coats of arms right and then go on to the armour and faces.

> On the right is the 12th Earl of Warwick who died in 1401. He is actually wearing his fess between six cross crosslets Or" (which means that the fess and the crosses are all Or."







Sir John D'Abernon was a 13th century Sheriff of Surrey. He is buried at Stoke d'Abernon under the oldest, and one of the best, brass tombs in the world. The chain mail would have been silver while the shield and pennon carry his arms "Azure a chevron Or". (A chevron is like the road-marking of an upside down V).